



Randomised, Embedded, Multi-factorial, Adaptive Platform for Community-Acquired Pneumonia

WELCOME TO THE SECOND EDITION OF THE REMAP-CAP PANDEMIC NEWSLETTER

THANK YOU

The REMAP-CAP team would like to extend a SINCERE and BIG thank you to EVERYONE for their commitment to the REMAP-CAP study.

Thanks to YOUR hard work, the UK now has:

- 142 (48%) of the 296 sites open globally
- 4243 (67%) of the 6290 patients recruited globally
- 4163 (76%) of the 5488 COVID-19 patients recruited globally

ACTIVE PANDEMIC TREATMENT DOMAINS

Active both on the ward and ICU

• Antiplatelet

Active on ICU only

- Immune Modulation
- Vitamin C (central supplies available soon)
- Simvastatin

UPDATED AND NEW DOMAINS COMING SOON

Updated domains

- Anticoagulation
- Immune Modulation

New domain

• ACE-2 Renin-Angiotensin System



SUMMARY OF REMAP-CAP RESULTS

Corticosteroid domain:

REMAP-CAP has helped establish corticosteroids as standard care for critically ill patients with COVID-19. The results of the REMAP-CAP steroid domain, evaluating hydrocortisone, were published in JAMA on 2 September 2020, alongside a meta-analysis of corticosteroids. Subsequently, the World Health Organisation (WHO) issued new guidance recommending the use of systemic corticosteroids in critically ill patients with COVID-19. An updated COVID-19 Therapeutic Alert for corticosteroids was issued on 3 September 2020.

Immune Modulation domain:

REMAP-CAP established, for the first time, that Interleukin-6 inhibitors (sarilumab and tocilizumab) reduce mortality and time in ICU for critically ill patients with COVID-19. Preliminary results were published as a pre-print on 7 January 2021. A Therapeutic Alert interim position statement for Tocilizumab and Therapeutic Alert for Interleukin-6 inhibitors for critically ill patients with COVID-19 pneumonia (adults) were issued on 25 November 2020 and 1 February 2021, respectively.

Antiviral domain:

REMAP-CAP established that Kaletra (lopinavir/ritonavir) provided no benefit for critically ill patients with COVID-19.

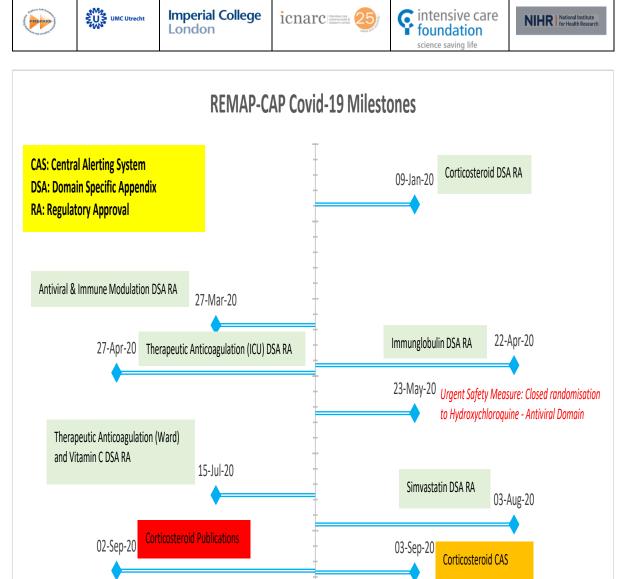
Immunoglobulin domain:

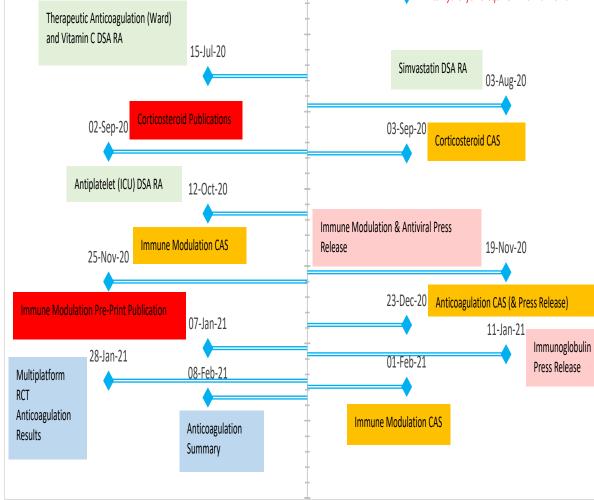
REMAP-CAP established that treatment with convalescent plasma treatment provided no benefit for the general critically ill population with COVID-19.

Therapeutic anticoagulation domain:

Statements on the effect of therapeutic anticoagulation were released from the REMAP-CAP trial on 23 December 2020 and from ATTACC, ACTIV-4a & REMAP-CAP Multiplatform RCT on moderately sick hospitalised patients on 28 January 2021. For critically ill patients with COVID-19 (receiving organ support) therapeutic-dose heparin, compared with standard of care, was found to be futile with high probability of inferiority/harm. In contrast, in hospitalised patients (not receiving organ support) therapeutic-dose heparin treatment was beneficial. A therapeutic alert and summary on heparin anticoagulation for patients admitted to hospital with COVID-19 were issued on 23 December 2020 and 8 February 2021, respectively.

These results show the evidence you are generating in REMAP-CAP is already being used to guide treatment decisions and improve outcomes for patients with COVID-19.









	WEB LINKS
02 S	icosteroid domain: ep 2020 <u>https://www.imperial.ac.uk/news/203273/steroid-found-improve-survival-critically-</u> <u>119/</u>
	ep 2020 <u>Effect of Hydrocortisone on Mortality and Organ Support in Patients With Severe COVID-19</u> REMAP-CAP COVID-19 Corticosteroid Domain Randomized Clinical Trial
	ep 2020 Association Between Administration of Systemic Corticosteroids and Mortality Among cally III Patients With COVID-19: A Meta-analysis Critical Care Medicine JAMA JAMA Network
02 S	ep 2020 Editorial: Corticosteroids in COVID-19 ARDS - Evidence and Hope During the Pandemic
	ep 2020 <u>Covid-19 Therapeutic Alert: Corticosteroids in the treatment of suspected or confirmed</u> ID-19
	<i>une Modulation domain:</i> ov 2020 <u>Arthritis drug effective in treating sickest Covid-19 patients</u>
	ov 2020 <u>Publication of an interim position statement: Tocilizumab for patients admitted to ICU with</u> ID-19 pneumonia (adults)
07 Ja	n 2020 <u>Arthritis drugs may reduce mortality and time in ICU for sickest ICU patients</u>
07 Ja	n 2020 Interleukin-6 Receptor Antagonists in Critically III Patients with Covid-19 – Preliminary report
	eb 2021 <u>Interleukin-6 inhibitors (tocilizumab and sarilumab) for critically ill patients with COVID-19</u> Imonia (adults)
	<i>viral domain:</i> ov 2020 <u>Arthritis drug effective in treating sickest Covid-19 patients</u> (Reports Kaletra ineffective)
	unoglobulin domain: In 2021 <u>Blood plasma treatment has limited effect for the sickest Covid-19 patients</u>
	coagulation domain: ec 2020 <u>Statement from REMAP-CAP Trial on Blood Thinners in Covid-19 Patients</u>
	ec 2020 Therapeutic Anticoagulation (Heparin) in the Management of Severe COVID-19 (SARS-CoV- sitive) Patients
28 Ja	n 2021 ATTACC, ACTIV-4a & REMAP-CAP multiplatform RCT - Results of interim analysis
	eb 2020 Heparin anticoagulation in patients admitted to hospital with Covid-19



DATA ENTRY

Please ensure that data are entered in a timely and accurate manner so that we can analyse and publish data using the most complete and accurate dataset.

General missing pages reports will continue to be sent bi-weekly basis. Urgent formspecific query reports will be sent when we are approaching scheduled data analysis.

CO-ENROLMENT WITH REMAP-CAP

The following co-enrolment agreements are in place with the REMAP-CAP study:

ACCORD, ADAPT-Sepsis, ARCADIA, ARREST, ASICS, BALANCE, BLING III, CEEG SE STUDY, COVRAS, COVSurf, COVEMERALD, EFFORT, EMPRESS, GenOMICC, INHALE, INNATE, INNATE IMMUNITY IN CRITICAL ILLNESS, INTENT, ISARIC, LUCID, PASS, Patch, Plasma-Lyte 148[®] vs Saline study, PROMEDIC, PRONTO, REACTOR, REALIST, RECOVERY, SUDDICU, START-AKI, STOP-COVID, STRESS-L, SUDDICU, TEAM-ICU, VACIRIS, VITAMINS Trial, XARELTO.

RECENT SPINNAKER UPDATES

A question has been added to the baseline form to collect the patient's vaccination status prior to this acute illness (Yes/No/Unknown).

- For patients randomised before the vaccination program began, the answer will default to "No"
- For patients randomised since the vaccination program began, but before the addition of this field, it will default to "unknown".
- It is not necessary for sites to retrospectively update this information.

The "<" and ">" options for physiological and laboratory variables have been removed. If a laboratory has not reported a specific value and has instead reported that the value is beyond a certain threshold (i.e. >999) then the site should enter the threshold value (i.e. 999). No action is required by sites for data previously entered.



NIHR Urgent Public Health Studies Research Workforce Participation Certificate

The COVID Consenting Initiative will present anyone who has consented participants to UPH studies with a certificate which can be included in their continuing professional development (CPD) portfolios.

Please sign up and log into NIHR Learn to download the certificate.

The NIHR Learn Platform link is: <u>https://learn.nihr.ac.uk/course/view.php?id=808</u>

If there are any difficulties, please contact: covid19application@nihr.ac.uk.

WE4YOU SEMINARS

The next WE4YOU seminar 'Convalescent Plasma' is scheduled for Wednesday 17th February 2021 at 15:00 GMT.

Please click the link below to join the webinar:

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/82888442003?pwd=TEtwTC91RVBPUGkrNGNQQ3Y5R2c5QT09

Webinar ID: 828 8844 2003; Passcode: 632964

Recordings of previous Webinars can be accessed here: https://www.remapcap.org/site-education

CELEBRATE YOUR SUCCESS

So much has been achieved by the UK REMAP-CAP sites over the past year. THANK YOU EVERYONE for your continued SUPPORT. The evidence you are generating is already improving care for patients with COVID-19.

We look forward to the time when we can celebrate your success together.

